

ACTIVITY 3-3

Formatting a Web Page Using CSS

Data Files:

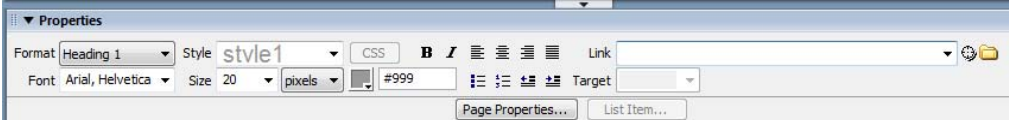
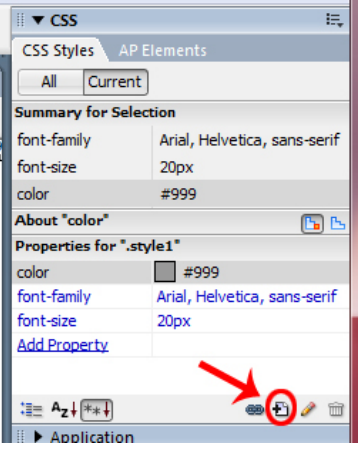
index.html

Before You Begin:

The index.html file is *open*.

Scenario:

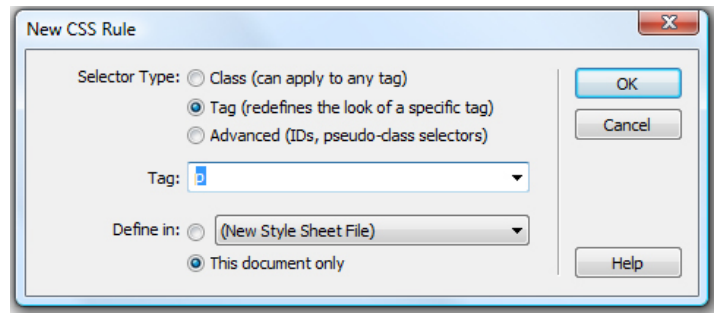
You want to enhance the appearance of a page to make it more appealing. You need to ensure that all the paragraphs and headings have the same formatting and the content is organized properly.

What you do	How you do it
1. Apply the heading format to the word	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. In the document window, double-click the "Welcome." word "Welcome." b. In the Property Inspector, from the Format drop-down list, select Heading 1.
2. Specify CSS properties to format the Properties .	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. In the Property Inspector, click Page heading. b. In the Page Properties dialog box, in the Category list box, select Headings (CSS). c. From the Heading font drop-down list, select Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif. d. In the Heading 1 size text box, click and type 20. e. In the second Heading 1 drop-down list, verify that px is selected to ensure that the value is specified in pixels. f. In the color text box to the right of the Heading 1 drop-down list, click and type #999 to apply the color gray to the heading. g. Click OK to apply the page properties. 
3. Create a CSS rule for the <p> tag.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. At the bottom of the CSS STYLE panel, click the New CSS Rule button. 

b. In the **New CSS Rule** dialog box, in the **Selector Type** section, from the dropdown list, select **Tag (redefines an HTML element)**.

c. In the **Selector Name** section, from the drop-down list, scroll down and select **p**.

d. In the **Rule Definition** section, in the drop-down list, verify that **(This document only)** is selected.



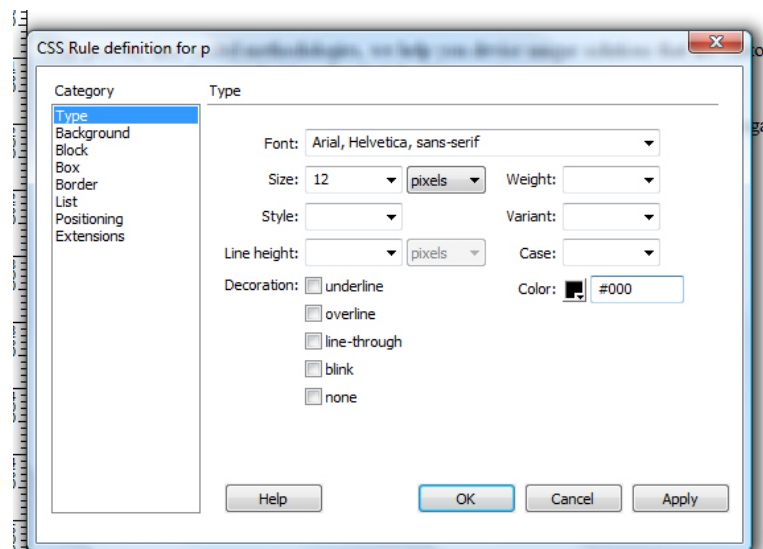
e. Click **OK**.

f. In the **CSS Rule definition for p** dialog box, from the **Font-family** drop-down list, select **Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif**.

g. In the **Font-size** text box, click and type **12**

h. In the **Color** text box, click and type **#000**

i. Click **OK** to add the CSS rule.



4. Create a container for the main text.

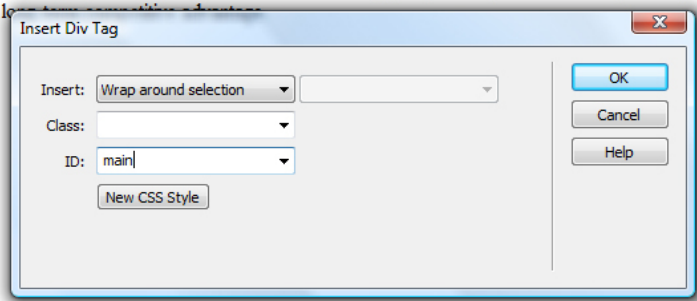
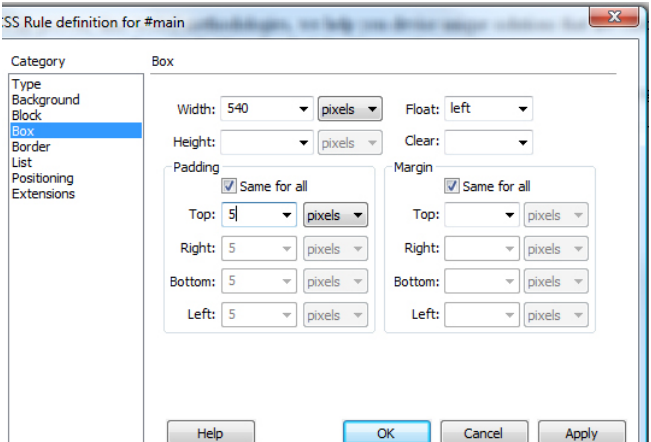
a. Choose **Edit**→**Select All** to select all the text.

b. In the **INSERT** panel, from the drop-down list, select **Common**.

c. Click **Insert Div Tag**.

d. In the **Insert Div Tag** dialog box, in the **Insert** drop-down list, verify that **Wrap around** selection is selected.

e. In the **ID** text box, click and type **main**

	<p>f. Click OK.</p> 
<p>5. Create an ID style for the container.</p>	<p>a. At the bottom of the CSS STYLES panel, click the New CSS Rule button.</p> <p>b. In the New CSS Rule dialog box, in the Selector Type section, in the drop-down list, verify that 10 (applies to only one HTML element) is selected, and in the Selector Name section, in the drop-down list, verify that #main is selected.</p> <p>c. In the Rule Definition section, in the drop-down list, verify that (This document only) is selected and click OK.</p> <p>d. In the CSS Rule definition for #main dialog box, in the Category list box, select Box.</p> <p>e. In the Width text box, click and type 540</p> <p>f. From the Float drop-down list, select left.</p> <p>g. In the Padding section, verify that the Same for all check box is checked.</p> <p>h. In the Top text box, click and type 5</p> <p>i. Click OK to add the CSS rule.</p> 
<p>6. Preview the web page in a browser.</p>	<p>a. Choose File→Save.</p> <p>b. Choose File→Preview in Browser→IEExplore to preview the web page in Internet Explorer.</p> <p>c. Close the Internet Explorer window.</p> <p>d. Close the index.html file.</p> 